

finances. It's unsurprising then that it's getting more and more popular all over the world.

BARNYARD MANURE UTILIZATION RESOURCES

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The imperfection of the use of big stock-raising complexes' manure on the whole territory of Belarus creates the threat of the ecological catastrophe. To times diluted, raw and unfit for fertilization manure, containing seed of the weeds is applied to the fields. Thus the diluted manure becomes not a fertilizer but ecological dangerous factor created by man.

Actually existing blow down-system of the manure removing while keeping cattle on the slotted floors, has a main disadvantage - settling and fractions separation of the manure in collecting canals. After the gates having been opened a hard part of the manure stays on the canals bottom which is removed by the sheet of water given by machines of the MGT or RGT type. It is convenient and economically for solving and economically profitable to use a homogenizer. The homogenizer presents a mixing tool which is driven by electric engine (5,5 kVt).

Using given technologies will allow to reduce economic expenses that will occur in the process of improvement of manure removal system and while building storages up to six times. It will also give the possibility to reduce the negative influence of manure flows due to the reduction of water expenditure wasted on removal of agricultural wastes.

THE PROBLEMS OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION IN UKRAINE

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Every citizen in democratic society has some essential environmental, political and social rights. The state itself must guarantee the implementation of these rights through developing procedures, setting institutional framework and providing control. One of the most important rights is the right on access to environmental