

МІНІСТЕРСТВО ОСВІТИ І НАУКИ УКРАЇНИ  
СУМСЬКИЙ ДЕРЖАВНИЙ УНІВЕРСИТЕТ  
КАФЕДРА ІНОЗЕМНИХ МОВ  
ЛІНГВІСТИЧНИЙ НАВЧАЛЬНО-МЕТОДИЧНИЙ ЦЕНТР

МАТЕРІАЛИ ІХ МІЖВУЗІВСЬКОЇ  
НАУКОВО-ПРАКТИЧНОЇ КОНФЕРЕНЦІЇ  
ЛІНГВІСТИЧНОГО НАВЧАЛЬНО-МЕТОДИЧНОГО ЦЕНТРУ  
КАФЕДРИ ІНОЗЕМНИХ МОВ

**“TO MAKE THE WORLD SMARTER AND SAFER”**

(Суми, 26 березня 2015 року)  
The ninth scientific practical student`s, postgraduate`s and teacher`s  
LSNC conference

## EUGENE PATON

M. Demyanenko- Sumy State University, group KM-11  
A.M.Diadechko, EL advisor

One can name many outstanding scientists in Ukraine, but Eugene Paton is known all over the world. He was an outstanding constructor and a scientist.

Eugene Paton was born in 1870 in French town Nizza. He graduated from the Polytechnical Institute of Dresden in 1894 and St. Petersburg Institute of Civil Engineers in 1896. In 1904-1939 Paton was the professor of Kyiv Polytechnical Institute. Heading the laboratory of testing bridges, he formulated the main scientific principles and discovered the scientific technology of testing bridges.

Paton decided to change his profession when he was 60. "The wish to serve the people made me to take up the new job - the electric welding" , he said. He became the founder of the first institute of the electric welding in the world. In 1896-1929 he constructed 35 bridges, among them the main bridge across the Dnieper in Kyiv. The bridge was the first boltless bridge in Kyiv and is also the longest bridge having a length of 1543 metres. Now this bridge and the Research Institute of Electric Welding bear the name of Eugene Paton. Eugene Paton died in 1953 in Kyiv.

The Ukrainians are proud of their famous cocitizen.