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For scientists, scientists, students, graduate students, representatives of business and public organizations and higher education institutions and a wide range of readers.

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	TABLE OF CONTENTS	P
Larysa Andreiko	BENEFITS AND CONSTRAINTS OF BLOGGING AS AN EDUCATIONAL TOOL IN THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE CLASSROOM	8
Lyudmila Khomutenko, Anna Martynenko	UKRAINE'S FOREIGN TRADE RELATIONS WITH CHINA	11
Inna Bielova, Alina Bukhtiarova, Olena Pakhnenko	BIBLIOMETRIC ANALYSIS AS CONTEXTS EXPLORING TOOL IN PUBLIC POLICY DECISIONS COORDINATING	17
Maryna Brychko, Bohdana Yevdokymova	FLUCTUATIONS OF TRUST IN UKRAINIAN GOVERNMENT: KEY MEASUREMENT AND ASSESSMENT METHODS	21
Svitlana Chorna	STRATEGY OF ECONOMIC SECURITY OF UKRAINE	27
Oleksii Demikhov	CURRENT ASPECTS OF DIGITALIZATION IN THE AREA OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN UKRAINE IN CONDITIONS OF EPIDEMIOLOGICAL THREATS	30
Yelyzaveta Denysenko, Inessa Yarova	E-COMMERCE AS AN ELEMENT OF THE GLOBAL TRADING SYSTEM	35
Olena Ivakhnenko	IMPACTS OF GLOBAL CLIMATE CHANGE ON THE AGRARIAN BUSINESS IN UKRAINE	41
Tetiana Kubakh, Yevhen Rudenko	BANK PROFITABILITY AS A BASIS FOR FINANCIAL STABILITY OF THE COUNTRY	47
Tetiana Kubakh	STATE DEBT OF UKRAINE: A RETROSPECTIVE ANALYSIS	53
Ahniia Havrylina	ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS ON CONTEMPORARY FINANCIAL MARKET: FEATURES AND OPPORTUNITIES	59
Kostyantyn Illyashenko Tetyana Illyashenko, Tovstukha Olexander	URBAN PLANNING AS A DETERMINANT OF THE LOCAL FINANCE	63
Zihui Ji, Iryna Sotnyk	CHINA AND UKRAINE RENEWABLE ENERGY DEVELOPMENT: STATUS AND COOPERATION	67
Kashcha Mariya, Marchenko Roman	FORECASTING THE DEVELOPMENT OF COVID-19 IN UKRAINE BY FOURIER SERIES	72
Oleksandr Khadartsev	BUSINESS MODELING OF ENTERPRISE ECONOMIC ACTIVITY: ESSENCE AND APPROACHES	76

Lyudmila Khomenko	LOGO AS MARKETING MANAGEMENT INSTRUMENT FOR BLOOD SERVICE FACILITIES	80
Iana Kobushko, Tetyana Tretiak	THE FEATURES REMOTE MANAGEMENT OF PROJECT TEAM	85
Svitlana Kononenko	ANALYSIS OF MAJOR EXOGENOUS AND ENDOGENOUS FACTORS AFFECTING THE STABILITY OF THE FINANCIAL SECTOR OF UKRAINE	88
Stanislav Kotenko	COMPETITIVENESS BENCHMARKING AT DIFFERENT STAGES OF AN ENTERPRISE LIFE CYCLE	92
Anna Lobanova, Viktoriia Shcherbachenko	PERSONNEL SELECTION SYSTEM IN INTERNATIONAL CORPORATIONS	97
Iryna Burdenko, Anzhela Maiboroda	ETHICS AND MORALS OF THE ACCOUNTANT AS THE BASIS OF SUSTAINABILITY OF SOCIO-ECONOMIC SYSTEMS	102
Lyudmyla Malyarets, Vitaliia Koibichuk	EVALUATING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF AN ENTERPRISE' EXPORT-IMPORT ACTIVITY	106
Iryna Marekha, Sofiia Bondarenko	SMART ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES IN THE EU COUNTRIES	112
Inna Minyaylenko, Tetiana Halaida, Kryvoshei Daryna	CHALLENGES OF REMOTE EMPLOYMENT AND THEIR CONSEQUENCES FOR THE YOUTH SEGMENT OF THE LABOR MARKET IN UKRAINE	115
Kateryna Miroshnychenko, Viktoriia	ECONOMIC CRISIS IN UKRAINE CAUSED BY THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC	
Shcherbachenko		119
Olena Tkachenko, Larysa Otroshchenko	THE ANALYSIS OF ELECTRIC CAR CHARGING STATION INSTALLATION COSTS	128
Tetiana Perederii, Tetiana Kurbatova	FOREIGN EXPERIENCE IN AGROVOLTAICS DEVELOPMENT	128
Olexiy Plastun	PRICE EFFECTS AFTER ONE-DAY ABNORMAL RETURNS: ESG VS TRADITIONAL INDICES	132
V. Pokhil, Victoria Shcherbachenko	PROSPECTS FOR STRENGTHENING THE SUSTAINABILITY OF THE FINANCIAL SYSTEM OF UKRAINE	135

Artem Litvinenko	GREENING OF PRIVATE AND CORPORATE INVESTMENTS	141
Sophia Poliakova, Inessa Yarova	FEATURES OF FOREIGN TRADE IN GOODS AND SERVICES IN UKRAINE	146
Anastasiia Samoilikova	INNOVATION DEVELOPMENT AS A DRIVER OF COUNTRY'S COMPETITIVENESS: THE IMPACT ASSESSMENT	152
Yaryna Samusevych, Yulia Sergienko	FISCAL EFFICIENCY OF LOCAL TAXES IN UKRAINE	156
Anna Shevchenko, Inessa Yarova	THE PLACE AND ROLE OF TRANSNATIONAL CORPORATIONS IN SYSTEM OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE RELATIONS	160
Viktoriia Shkola	INTELLECTUAL CAPITAL AS AN DRIVER OF ADVANCED INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENT	167
Oleksandr Kubatko, Iryna Sotnyk, Mariana Maslii	DETERMINING THE DRIVERS FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY ADVANCEMENT IN DEVELOPED COUNTRIES	170
Liubov Syhyda, Nadiia Shumer	WORLD SUPPLY CHAINS: CURRENT STATE AND PROSPECTS	176
Anna Vorontsova, Iryna Didenko	EDUCATION AND MIGRATION: IDENTIFYING INTERCONNECTIONS	180
Valentyna Yakubiv, Iryna Hryhoruk	STATE OF THE ART AND PROSPECTS OF BIOENERGY RESEARCH	184
Lyudmila Khomutenko, Yevgenia Zhorova	THE IMPACT OF FOREIGN INVESTMENT IN THE ECONOMY OF UKRAINE	188
Tetyana Immn, Pimonenko, Olexiy Lyulyov, Yana Us	DIGITAL MARKETING TOOLS IN BRAND PROMOTION	191
Olena Zhuravka, Eugenia Bondarenko,	DEVELOPMENT OF VOLUNTARY HEALTH INSURANCE AS AN EXTRA-BUDGETARY FUNDING SOURCE FOR HEALTHCARE IN UKRAINE	195

Yulia Humenna, Daria Sokura	FRAMING DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION IN THE EDUCATIONAL SPHERE OF UKRAINE	199
Yuliia Humenna, Anna Sushchenko	STATE POLICY IN THE DIGITAL AGE	204
Veronika Litovtseva	DISTRUST AND INHERENT INSTABILITY OF THE FINANCIAL SYSTEM	209
Elizaveta Ponomaryova, Viktoriia Shcherbachenko	FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT IN UKRAINE	214
Inna Balahurovska	TALENT MANAGEMENT - AN EFFECTIVE FUNCTION OF ORGANIZATIONAL LEADERSHIP PERFORMANCE	219
Inna Tiutiunyk, Olena Gura	TAX GAPS IN THE ECONOMY: PRECONDITIONS AND CONSEQUENCES	225
Maryna Domashenko, Victiria Burnakova	THE IMPACT OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGIES ON THE COMPANY'S PROFITABILITY	230
Maryna Domashenko, D. Hlushchenko	UKRAINE'S PARTICIPATION IN THE INTERNATIONAL COMMODITY MARKET	235
Inna Tiutiunyk, Ruslana Grebinichenko	THE ROLE OF FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES IN SHADOW SCHEMES OF CAPITAL WITHDRAWAL: MODELING THE TRAJECTORIES OF THEIR INTERACTION	239
Dmytro Tkachenko	MAXIMUM COVERAGE LIMITS OF DEPOSITS IN UKRAINE AND IN OTHER COUNTRIES	243
Maryna Domashenko, D. Pimonenko	UKRAINE IN INTERNATIONAL MIGRATION PROCESSES	248
Nataliia Letunovska, Daria Karpenko	REGIONAL ECONOMIC SECURITY AND THE FIGHT AGAINST CORRUPTION	252
Matvii Maryn	MANAGEMENT OF ORGANISATION IN CONDITIONS OF UNCERTAINTY	257
Vadym Aleksandrov, Artem Martymianov	IMPROVEMENT OF THE LEGAL BASIS OF INSURANCE OF EMPLOYEES OF MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS IN UKRAINE	262

Tetiana Dvorianova, Vadym Aleksandrov	FOREIGN EXPERIENCE OF INSURANCE OCCUPATIONAL RISKS	265
Oleksandr Zaitsev, Mariia Nazarenko	ANALYSIS MECHANISMS OF FINANCIAL MARKETS. FUNDAMENTAL ANALYSIS AND TECHNICAL ANALYSIS	268
Svitlana Pokhylko, Tetyana Dvorianova	COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF E-COMMERCE VS BRICKS AND MORTAR STORES ATTRACTIVENESS TO CUSTOMERS	273
Yuliya Skarloupina	INTERACTIVE TECHNOLOGIES IN FOREIGN LANGUAGE TEACHING	277
Anna Rosokhata, Anna Sushchenko, Anastasia Krasnonos	MARKETING IN COMPANY MANAGEMENT: MAIN DIRECTIONS	280
Olena Chygryn, Victoria Haag	PROSPECTS OF GREEN CONSUMPTION	283
Vladislav Novikov	DIGITAL ECONOMY: CURRENT CHALLENGES AND FORECASTS	287
Olha Kuzmenko, Tetiana Dotsenko, Serhii Minenko	INTERDEPENDENCE BETWEEN FINTECH INNOVATION, FINANCIAL CRIME, CYBERCRIME AND MONEY LAUNDERING THROUGH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	290
Leonid Taraniuk, Karina Taraniuk. Serafima Shakhova,	CRISIS MANAGEMENT IN THE CONTEXT OF THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC	20.5
Olga Eremenko		295
Oleksii Zakharkin, Liudmyla Zakharkina, Yevhenii Chasnyk	ANALYSIS OF THE ADEQUACY OF THE RESOURCE BASE OF BANKS IN UKRAINE IN THE CONTEXT OF THE CORONAVIRUS COVID-19 PANDEMIC CRISIS	297

COMPETITIVENESS BENCHMARKING AT DIFFERENT STAGES OF AN ENTERPRISE LIFE CYCLE

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In the difficult times of the economic crisis and the prevailing COVID-19 pandemic, it is difficult for Ukrainian enterprises and organizations to enter the international market with goods and services of their own production. Most of them do not withstand the level of competition in the market sector where they enter. Others cannot reach the necessary level of competitiveness in the field of business. This situation is due to the fact that such companies and organizations do not make a preliminary analysis of the level of competitiveness of their business and do not understand what parameters should be included in such an analysis.

The vast majority of organizations do not pay enough attention to the factor influencing the stage of the life cycle in which they are. Knowledge of the features of the life cycle stages allows the company with a high probability to predict its development and determine the real competitiveness of products/services or the organization as a whole. The system of indicative indicators help in determining the stage of OLC and planning measures to improve competitiveness.

The definition of the life cycle of the organization in their work revealed such scholars as L. Greiner (Greiner, 1972), B. Milner (Milner, 2002), I. Adizes (Adizes, 2007), S. Koryahina (Koryahina, 2004), V. Dombrovsky (Dombrovsky, 2009) and others. Hanna Shvindina in her works (Shvindina, 2020, 2017) studies the competitiveness of organizations in terms of strategic development and parameterization.

The term "organization life cycle" was quite clearly described by economist L. Ligonenko and characterizes it as a «...set of stages that the company goes through in its life from creation to liquidation, each of which is characterized by a certain system of strategic goals and objectives, features of resource potential, the achieved results of functioning "(Ligonenko, 2001).

Breaking the life cycle of an organization into stages, most scientists use a variety of criteria and approaches by which the distribution takes place.

Table 1 analyzes the approaches of the classics to determine the stages of the life cycle and the peculiarities of their distribution relative to the 4-stage classification (without stages of "death" or "renewal").

Table 1
Modern approaches to the distribution of stages of the organization life cycle

eyele				
Stage Author	"Birth"	"Youth"	"Maturity"	"Aging"
Greiner	Creativity	Directive leadership	Delegation	Coordination; Cooperation
Adizes	Conception (courtship); Childhood	Wild years (go – go); Youth	Blossom; Stability	Aristocracy; Salem City; Bureaucracy;
Blanc	Birth	Childhood Youth	Early maturity Maturity Final maturity	Aging
Kolass	Childhood (current financial losses)	Youth (first profits appear)	Maturity (maximum profits)	Old age (income decrease)

Source: based on (Greiner, 1972; Adizes, 2007; Blanc, 2000; Kolass, 1997)

In accordance with the above stages of OLC, the key economic and financial indicators used in the process of assessing the level of competitiveness of the organization at each stage were analyzed (Kotenko, 2018).

Economist O. Milinchuk, referring in his work (Milinchuk, 2012) to the publication of Kaplan and Norton (Kaplan&Norton, 1992), emphasizes certain priority components of assessing the life cycle of the organization. Milinchuk pay attention to the organization's staff, consumers, business processes and financial component. The collection of information for the calculation of indicators is proposed to begin with the processing of financial statements of accounting (Balance Sheet, Statement of Financial Performance).

Table 2 shows the main indicators that are proposed to calculate in the analysis of the OLC stages.

Table 2. Groups of indicators for the study of the stages of OLC according to Milinchuk.

Group of indicators	Indicator	Method of calculation
1	2	3
Organization staff	Productivity	The ratio of net income from sales and the average number of employees
Stair		

Continue of table 2.

Group of indicators	Indicator	Method of calculation
1	2	3
	Coefficient of total labor costs	When calculating the ratio take into account the residual value of fixed assets and current assets of the organization
Clients	Net return on sales	Calculated as the ratio of net income to net income
	Solvency ratio	Relation of current assets to current liabilities at the end of the reporting period
Business	Return on assets	The ratio of net income to the value of the organization's assets
processes	Workrate of current assets	Calculated as the ratio of the average number of employees to the number of current assets
Finances	Coefficient of financial autonomy	The ratio of equity to total assets (balance sheet currency)
	Equity maneuverability ratio	The ratio of the difference between equity and non-current assets to the amount of equity of the organization
	Coefficient of own working capital	The ratio of the difference between equity and non-current assets to the amount of current assets of the organization
	Absolute liquidity ratio	The ratio of cash and investments to current liabilities at the end of the period
	Rapid liquidity ratio	The ratio of the difference between cash and inventories to current liabilities at the end of the period

Source: based on (Milinchuk, 2012)

To identify the stage of OLC and the level of its competitiveness, Milinchuk proposes to use an integrated indicator, the value of which will reflect the location of the organization at a particular stage of OLC (Milinchuk, 2012).

Ukrainian scientists V. Marchenko and V. Evdokimenko (Marchenko& Evdokimenko, 2016) described the process of changing the above indicators during the transition between the stages of OLC. They highlight such indicators as the structure of the organization and its type. This allows you to better understand the internal processes of the organization and clearly see the structural changes throughout the life cycle. The personnel indicator reflects different types of management (entrepreneurial, professional) and periods of internal conflicts. In the

indicator of technologies Marchenko and Yevdokymenko pay attention to specialized and differentiated technologies that change during the transition from the stage of "Growth" to the stage of "Stability".

The stage of the life cycle, which is an organization at the current time, the direct impact on its overall competitiveness. World science identifies 4 main stages of the life cycle that each organization goes through. Accordingly, indicators that reflect the level of competitiveness of the organization are correlated and change depending on the OLC stage.

The use of a large number of methods for measuring competitiveness at various stages of OLC reflects considerable interest of scientific community to this topic.

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